

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[No. 829.]

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1802.

[Vol. XV.]

LEXINGTON:—PRINTED BY DANIEL BRADFORD, (On Main Street)—PRICE TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAID IN ADVANCE.

DISTRICT OF OHIO,

Superior's Office, July 1st 1802.

PUBLIC NOTICE, Is hereby given—
THAT the subscriber hath been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, to receive from individuals, such blank STAMPS as may be presented within the space of four months from the date hereof, and to pay the value thereof, deducting in all cases seven and one half per cent, in conformity to an act of Congress, entitled "An act to repeal the internal taxes."

JAMES MORRISON,

3m Supervisor.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

SUPERVISOR'S OFFICE,

July 8th, 1802.

IN pursuance of a direction of the act of Congress of the 16th March last, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States," public notification is hereby made, that transcripts from the tax lists, of the several collectors of direct tax, in the state of Kentucky, containing all lands, which according to the provisions of the act to lay and collect a direct tax, are liable to be sold for non payment of the said tax, specifying the persons in whose names the assessments were originally made, and the sums respectively due thereon, are lodged in this office, and are open to the free inspection of all concerned.

And in further pursuance of the said amendatory act, notice is hereby given, that the several collectors of direct tax in the District or State of Kentucky, will proceed at the hour of 12 o'clock, on the respective days, and at the places following, in their respective Collection Districts, and to continue the same in like manner, from day to day, until completed, to sell at public sale so much of all lands in the Districts respectively named, on which any part of the tax remain unpaid, at the expiration of six months from the date hereof, as will be sufficient to satisfy the same, together with all costs and charges incurred in preparing for advertising, and making the sales, that is to say,

On the fourteenth day of February next at Lexington, by George Manfell, Collector of the 1st Collection District, composed of the counties of Fayette and Jefferson—and on the seventeenth of January at Paris, by George Manfell, being also Collector of the 2d Collection District, composed of Bourbon county—and on the fourteenth of February at Baird-town, by Daniel L. Morrison, Collector of the 3d Collection District, composed of the counties of Hardin, Nelson, and that part of Bullitt county lying South of Salt river—and on the twenty-fourth of January at Harrodsburg, by John Harbison, Collector of the 4th Collection District, composed of the counties of Mercer, Washington, and that part of Franklin county lying South of Kentucky river—and on the fourteenth of February at Stanford, by Joseph Ballinger, Collector of the 5th Collection District, for the counties of Lincoln, and Garrard—and on the first Monday in March at Richmond, in Madison county, being the balance of said district—and on the seventh of February at Cynthiana, by Isaac Holeman, Collector of the 6th Collection District, composed of the counties of Campbell and Harrison—and on the seventeenth of January at Greenburg, by John Crow, Collector of the 7th Collection District, composed of the county of Green, and that part of Warren county lying East of Big Barren river—and on the twenty-fourth of January at Frankfort, by William Hubbell, Collector of the 8th Collection District, composed of the counties of Woodford, Scott, and that part of Franklin county lying North of Kentucky river—and on the seventh of February at Louisville, by James Macconnel, Collector of the 9th Collection District, composed of the counties of Jefferson, Shelby, and that part of Bullitt county lying North of Salt river—and on the twenty-fourth of January at Washington, by Peter Machir, Collector of the 10th Collection District, composed of the counties of Mason, Bracken and Fleming—and on the 17th of January at Bufileville, by Willis Morgan, Collector of the 11th Collection District, composed of the counties of Logan, Christian, and that part of Warren county lying west of Big Barren river—and on the seventh day of February at Mount Sterling, by Thomas L. Patterson, Collector of the

12th Collection District, composed of the counties of Clarke and Montgomery.

And as this publication is the only one required to be made on this subject, the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th sections of the amendatory act referred to, are subjoined hereto, for the more perfect information of all concerned, and to place those whose lands may have been assessed in wrong names, the more certainly on their guard.

JAMES MORRISON,

Superior, Dis. of Ohio.

Note.—The counties mentioned above, have a reference to the situation in which they stood in October 1798.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAW.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case of failure on the part of the owner or owners of the aforesaid lands to pay within the aforesaid time, the full amount of tax due thereon, the collectors under the directions, and with the approbation of their respective supervisors, shall immediately proceed to sell at public sale, at the times and places mentioned in the advertisement of the supervisor, so much of the lands aforesaid as may be sufficient to satisfy the same, together with all the costs and charges of preparing lists, advertising and notifying as aforesaid, and of sales.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid tax, including all costs and charges as aforesaid, shall be and remain a lien upon all lands, and other real estate on which the same has been assessed, until the tax due upon the same, including all costs and charges, shall have been collected, or until a sale shall have been effected, according to the provision of this act, or of the act to which this is a supplement.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein any tract of land may have been assessed in one assessment, which, at the time when such assessment was made, was actually divided into two or more distinct parcels, each parcel having one or more distinct proprietor or proprietors, it shall be the duty of the collector, to receive in manner aforesaid, from any proprietor or proprietors thus situated, his or their proportion of the tax due upon such tract; and thereupon, the land of the proprietor, or proprietors, upon which the tax shall have been thus paid, shall be forever discharged from any part of the tax due under the original assessment.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That in any case in which it may have happened that lands actually belonging to one person, may have been, or hereafter shall be assessed in the name of another, and no sale of the same shall yet have been made, the same proceedings shall be had for the sale of the aforesaid lands, in order to raise the tax assessed in relation to the same, as is provided by the eleventh section of the act to which this is a supplement, in the case of lands assessed, the owner whereof is unknown; and such sale shall transfer and pass to the purchasers, a good and effectual title.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the right of redemption reserved to the owners of lands and tenements sold under this act, or the act to which this is a supplement, shall, in no wife, be affected or impaired: Provided always, that the owners of lands, which shall thus be sold after the passing of this act, in order to avail themselves of that right, shall make payment or tender of payment, within two years from the time of sale for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, of the amount of the said tax, costs and charges, with interest for the same, at the rate of twenty-five per cent. per annum.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at this Office, Price 3s.

A REVIEW

OF THE
NOTED REVIVAL IN KENTUCKY,
BY THE REV. ADAM RANKIN.

A. RANKIN,

PRESENTS his grateful acknowledgments to his Readers, for the encouragement they have given his humble attempt to serve the public—requesting all those who purchase his Books, to leave their names with those from whom they buy; as he means to emit to them gratis, 2d Appendix, he is now writing on another subject—to contain about 18 pages.

May 11, 1802.

For sale at this Office,
THE GENERAL INSTRUCTOR.

JOHN ADAMS & GEORGE ADAMS JUN. HATTERS,

HAVE opened a Shop opposite Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS of all kinds; which they will sell at the following prices for Cash:

Men's Roram, 42 dolls. per doz.
Women's ditto, 36 ditto
Wool Hats, 12 ditto

They will give the highest prices in Cash for Beaver and Raccoon Furs, or Lamb's Wool.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A number of good Journeyman Hatters. They will be paid the following prices in Cash, for manufacturing Hats—

For Beaver, 1 doll. 50 cents.
For Cash, 1 25
Roram, 1 20
Wool, 50
Lexington, July 9.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Lexington District Court, in the suit wherein William Morton & Company are complainants, and James Moody & Samuel Downing are defendants; we the commissioners therein named, will expose to

PUBLIC SALE
The door of the court house in Lexington, on Monday the 9th day of august next, (being Fayette court day) between the hours of 11 in the morning, and 4 in the afternoon, for the best price that can be got in cash; two tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit: 1000 acres situated in the district set apart for the officers and soldiers of the Virginia late line, joining a survey made for Wm. H. Parker, on Filhing creek, granted to James Moody by patent, bearing date the 9th day of April 1796.—Also 1000 acres lying in the district aforesaid, joining a survey of Robert Todd, on the waters of Russell's creek, granted to the said James Moody, by patent bearing date the 9th day of April 1796, being two of the tracts in the Bill and Mortgages, in the suit aforesaid, mentioned and described.

Alexr. Parker,
John Jordan Jun.
Lexington, 9th July 1802. 4W

STRAYED

From Robert Sanders's tavern, about the 10th or 15th of last March, a

BRIGHT BAY MARE,
about six years old, about fourteen hands two or three inches high, a long switch tail, a little roach backed, with some scars about the middle, trots and canters, a tolerable likely Mare. Whoever delivers her to the jailer in Lexington, or to Mathew Anderson, near Winchester, Clarke county, shall receive Eight Dollars reward.

Benj. Wharton.
July 9th, 1802.

Madison st. June Court 1802.
Thomas Hardwick, Complainant,

Against
Henry Francies, Joseph Beard, & Defendants.
and John Stone.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant John Stone, having failed to enter his appearance agreeable to law and the rules of this court, and not being an inhabitant of this state, on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first Monday in September next, and answer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be published for two months in the Kentucky Gazette, another let up at the court-house door, and another published at the Stone meeting-house on Tate's creek, some Sunday after divine service.

A copy. Teste,
*6s Will. Irvine.

Taken up by the subscriber, Garrard county, west fork of Sugar creek,

A BAY MARE,
with a blaze face, three years old, about thirteen and a half hands high, badly snagged in the arm of the left fore leg, some white spots on her back, and a lump on her left side, no brand; appraised to 15l,
John Tungate.

May 20, 1802.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Gen. Scott's in Woodford county, a

SORREL HORSE
Four years old, no brand 14 hands high; appraised to 15l.
Jeremiah Wilson.

May 26th 1802.

COOPERS WANTED.

VERY liberal encouragement will be given to Four or Five
GOOD COOPERS,
at the Hickman Mills, near Lexington
D. McViecar.

14th July, 1802. 6W

CHEAP GOODS.

SAMUEL & GEORGE TROTTER,
Have just received from Philadelphia, And are now opening at their Store, on Main street, Lexington,
An Extensive Assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
Of the latest importations from Europe and the East and West Indies,

CONSISTING OF
DRY GOODS,
HARD WARE,
GROCERIES,
CHINA,
GLASS,
QUEENS & TIN

All of which were purchased on the lowest terms, and will be sold either by wholesale or retail, for Cash accordingly— Among which are the following articles:—

Fine Cloths, Cotton & Wool
Cards, Saddlery,
Gallinners, Anvils,
Fancy Corda, Vices,
Irish Linens, Steel,
Chintzes, Nails,
Calicoes, Imperial,
India Muslins & Nankeens, Hyfon,
British Plain Jacobinets, Young Hyfon,
Tambored, Lappet, Soufchong,
Book & Cambric, Green &
ditto, Bohoa
Dimities, Coffee & Chocolate,
Scarlet Cloaks, Loaf & Brown Sugar,
Turkey Cotton, &c.
Indigo of a superior quality &c. &c.

Taken up by Charles Knery, living about one mile & a half from Limestone, on the road, a small

BROWN HORSE,
about fourteen hands high, left hind foot white, no artificial mark or brand perceivable, about ten years old; appraised to thirty dollars.
(A Copy.) Teste,
Thos. Marshall Jun. c.m.c.c.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
STOLEN, on Saturday the 10th inst. from the subscriber, living in Bourbon county, two and a half miles from Millersburg, on the road to Paris,

A BAY MARE,
two years old last June, near fifteen hands high, a small star in her forehead, some white on her off hind foot from the pattern joint down, and the near hind pattern joint is crooked, which occasions her hoof to turn out, owing to a hurt received whilst a young colt. A man was seen riding the above mare on Friday last near Millersburg, and going towards Lexington, where he was again seen on Saturday afternoon, having parted with her. Whoever will deliver the said mare to the subscriber, or secure her so that he gets her again, shall have the above reward.

JOHN IRWIN.
July 20, 1802. 76C

FIFTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.
RAN away from the subscriber, in Garrard county, one mile from the court house, on the morning of the 16th instant, a

Negro Man, named BASIL, about 25 or 26 years old, of a dark complexion, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has a scar over one of his eyes—he was formerly the property of Edmund Singleton, of Jefferson county. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver him to me, or secure him in jail so that I get him again.

JOSEPH OATMAN.
July 16, 1802. 74

Taken up by the subscriber living in Barren county, one Sorrel Mare, 13 hands 3 inches high, blaze face both hind feet white, about 10 or 11 years old, no brand, has a small be-I, on marked thus M; appraised to 76.

WILLIAM WELSH,
March 22, 1802.

SEVENTH CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES,

as they have sessions
Began and held at the City of Washington,
in the Territory of Columbia, on
Monday, the Seventh of December,
one thousand eight hundred and one.

AN ACT

Relating to the appropriation for carrying into
effect the convention between the United
States of America and his Britannic Majesty.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of
Representatives of the United States of America
in Congress assembled, That for carrying
into effect the convention of the eighth
day of January, one thousand eight hundred
and two, between the United States of America
and his Britannic Majesty, the sum of
two millions five hundred and sixty-four
thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is appro-
priated.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the
amount paid shall be paid in such instal-
ments, and at such times, as are fixed by the
said convention, out of any monies in the
treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ABRAHAM BALDWIN,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, May 3, 1802.

TH. JEFFERSON,

President of the United States.

AN ACT

For the relief of Fulwar Skipwith.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of
Representatives of the United States of America
in Congress assembled, That there be paid unto
Fulwar Skipwith, out of any monies in the
public treasury, not otherwise appropriated,
the sum of four thousand five hundred and
fifty dollars, advanced by him for the use of
the United States, with an interest at the
rate of six per centum per annum, from the
first day of November, one thousand seven
hundred and ninety five, at which time the ad-
vance was made.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ABRAHAM BALDWIN,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, May 8, 1802.

TH. JEFFERSON,

President of the United States.

AN ACT

To amend an act, entitled "An act for the
relief of sick and disabled seamen" and for
other purposes.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of
Representatives of the United States of America
in Congress assembled, That the monies
heretofore collected in pursuance of the fev-
eral acts "for the relief of sick and disabled
seamen" and at present unexpended, to-
gether with the monies hereafter to be collected
by authority of the before mentioned acts,
shall constitute a general fund, which the
President of the United States shall use and
employ as circumstances shall require for the
benefit and convenience of sick and disabled
American seamen: Provided, That the sum
of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same
be hereby appropriated for the erection of an
hospital in the district of Massachusetts.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That
it shall be lawful for the President of the U-
nited States to cause such measures to be ta-
ken as, in his opinion, may be expedient for
providing convenient accommodations, medi-
cal assistance, necessary attendance, and sup-
plies for the relief of sick and disabled seamen
of the United States who may be at or near
the port of New-Orleans, in case the same
can be done with the assent of the govern-
ment having jurisdiction over the port; and
for this purpose, to establish such regulations,
and to authorize the employment of such per-
sons as he may judge proper; and that for de-
fraying the expense thereof, a sum not ex-
ceeding three thousand dollars be paid out of
any monies arising from the said fund, not
otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That
from and after the thirtieth day of June next,
the master of every boat, raft or flat, belong-
ing to any citizen of the United States which
shall go down the Mississippi with intention
to proceed to New-Orleans shall, on his ar-
rival at said Adams, render to the collector or
naval officer thereof, a true account of the
number of persons employed on board such
boat, raft or flat, and the time that each per-
son has been so employed, and shall pay to the
said collector or naval officer at the rate of
twenty cents per month, for every person so
employed, which sum, he is hereby authorized
to retain out of the wages of such person;
and the said collector or naval officer shall
not give a clearance for such boat, raft or flat,
until he has received from him the sum of
persons employed on board such boat,
raft or flat, and the money paid to him by the
master or owner thereof; and if any such
master shall render a false account of the num-
ber of persons, and the length of time they
have severally been employed as is herein re-
quired, he shall forfeit and pay fifty dollars,
which shall be applied to and shall make a
part of the said general fund for the purposes
of this act: Provided, that all persons em-

ployed in navigating any such boat, raft or
flat, shall be considered as seamen of the U-
nited States, and entitled to the relief extend-
ed by law to sick and disabled seamen.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That
the President of the United States be, and he
is, hereby authorized to nominate, and appoint
for the port of New-Orleans, a fit person to
be director of the marine hospital of the U-
nited States, whose duties shall be in all in-
stances the same as the directors of the ma-
rine hospital of the United States, as direct-
ed and required by the acts, entitled "an act
for the relief of sick and disabled seamen."

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That
each and every director of the marine hospi-
tals within the United States shall, if it con-
with convenience be done, admit into the hospi-
tal of which he is director, sick foreign sea-
men, on the application of the master or com-
mander of any foreign vessel to which such
sick seamen may belong; and each foreign
vessel admitted shall be subject to a charge of
twenty-five cents per day for each day he may
remain in the hospital, the payment of which,
the master or commander of such foreign ves-
sel shall make to the collector of the district
in which such hospital is situated; and the
collector shall not grant a clearance to any
foreign vessel, until the money due from such
master or commander, in manner and form a-
foresaid shall be paid; and the director of
such hospital is hereby directed under the pe-
nalty of fifty dollars, to make out the ac-
counts against each foreign seaman that may
be placed in the hospital under his direction,
and render the same to the collector.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That
the collectors shall pay the money collected,
by virtue of this and the act to which this is
an amendment, into the treasury of the U-
nited States, and be accountable therefor, and
receive the same commission thereon, as for
their money by them collected.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That
each and every director of the marine hospi-
tals, shall be accountable at the treasury of
the United States, for the money which he re-
ceives in the same manner as other receivers
of public money, and for the sums by them
expended shall be allowed a commission at the
rate of one per cent.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ABRAHAM BALDWIN,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, May 3, 1802.

TH. JEFFERSON,

President of the United States.

END OF THE LAWS.

EUROPE.

France.

PARIS, May 18.

General Menou has been elected, by the
Conservative Senate, a member of the Tribu-
nate, in the room of citizen Roujeu.

England.

LONDON, May 17.

Symptoms of Discontent in France.
We are assured by a private letter, that a
few days ago (we believe on the 5th) an at-
tempt was made at the Paris parade on the
life of Buonaparte. The latest further states,
that the whole particulars of this affair were
sent to the English government; and proba-
bly they were brought by Mr. Mandeville.
We have no further information by the let-
ter; but from other channels we here that
general Angereau, Mallevé, and Bernadotte,
who were known to view with an evil eye the
enlarging power of Buonaparte, have been
ordered to reside 100 leagues from Paris.
The Chief Consul has directed the raising of
a corps of honour, consisting of 1,800 men,
to protect his person.

Sunday forenoon one of the regiments re-
fused to congregate their colors, saying they
had conquered without the assistance of the
Pope, and would not accept of it. They have
been marched from Paris also.—The new
ecclesiastical establishment: meets with many
difficulties, and the constitutional bishops of
1791 are no where well received. At Stras-
burg, bishop Saurin was put in fear of his
life, the people calling for the cardinal De
Rohan. Something of the same kind has oc-
curred at Besancon.

May 20.

The registers which have been opened in
France, for deciding whether Buonaparte
shall be consul for life? are said to be filling
very fast; and the vote will be almost uni-
form. It has been proposed to add the fol-
lowing question, "shall Buonaparte have the
right of nominating his successor?" This
too, would probably pass in the affirmative
and almost any thing else, among French free-
men.—Carnot voted against Buonaparte, and
added "I have signed my own proscription."
—He was urged by some friends to erase this
addition but finally refused. Fearing the
consequence, they opened a new register and
omitted his name.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER—PARIS.

"The business of voting, in consequence
of the appeal to the people, goes on with
great alacrity. From the information which
I have collected and compared, I think I may
fairly say, that seven out of ten votes for the
consulate for life, have also voted as an
amendment, "that Buonaparte shall be empow-
ered to choose his successor." There is only
one abatement which presents itself to this

general likelihood of success; and this arises
from the high price of bread, which is now
in Paris at six foux, the pound. It is sup-
posed that, from this circumstance, Buonaparte
will lose 60,000 votes in Paris alone.

"Napper Tandy is not allowed to come to
Paris."

May 23.

ETRURIA AND SWITZERLAND.

The King of Etruria seems to have given
some offence to France. The Monitor
quotes, without confuting it, an article from
another paper, which declares, that civilization
in Tuscany has gone back several centuries,
that the King has given himself up entirely to
the Priests—that the whole state has been fur-
rendered to the power of the church, that the
Pope, in the same manner as his predecessors,
may now depose the new Louis at pleasure, if
he dare serve from the obedience he has
vowed to the holy see; and that Tuscany,
once the cradle of the arts, is now likely to
become their tomb, if the creator of the state
Buonaparte, does not oppose it. Here is another
independent state that requires the consular
interference. Switzerland is a prey to fed-
erations—to factions and misery; all proceeding
from the original violation of her freedom by
France; "and the neighbouring nations will
find it necessary," says France, "to interfere
in order to prevent any injury being done
to their own security." Switzerland injure
the safety of France and Austria! The king
of Etruria under the guidance of Priests;
and Buonaparte must interfere, to prevent the
arts from finding their tomb, where they once
found the most powerful protection!

Germany.

VIENNA, May 15.

According to the accounts of a deserter
from the camp of Passwan Oglou, it is false
that the Bahaw had blockaded Widdin. He
never feeds parties as far as Neflar and
Nicopolis, but his army is considerably weak-
ened, being not above 6,000 men strong, of
which 300 are Poles; his artillery is ve-
ry numerous, but the greater part is unfit for
service. However he says his army is regular,
and abundantly supplied with provisions.
For six months past he has confined himself
entirely to the defensive.

Netherlands.

HAGUE, May 18.

It is currently said that our government
will, in imitation of the French refuse to enter
into any commercial treaty with Great Bri-
tain. They will not, however, act with lo-
cal rigour. These will barely receive such
articles as are absolutely wanted; and reject
all those which can be supplied at home; or
some other countries in a strict alliance.

Switzerland.

BASLE, 18th of May.

Tranquillity is not yet entirely re-establish-
ed at Unterwald. It appears the partizans of
the old system had formed a project to sepa-
rate from the Helvetic republic—according
to the project all the municipalities were to be
destroyed. These plans, played only in some coun-
tries, where they were replaced by the an-
cient councils of the church. At Bern, this
council began its operation by the destruction
of the armories of the republic, which have
been replaced by those of the ancient canton
of Unterwald. Several French companies
have been detached to this canton to re-establish
order.

All the friends of order with the arresta-
tion of the chiefs of this insurrection, and ex-
pect that the insurgent commune will be
promptly diffused. For this purpose the
troops have been disposed in a manner to pre-
vent any further resistance; but while Leman
is quiet, Friburg evinces some symptoms of
discontent. The curate of Molens has been
disfellowed in his house by armed peasants,
and forced to deliver papers relative to the taxes,
which were in his possession. Measures have
been taken to ensure the tranquillity of this
canton also.

AMERICA.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, July 14.

The London papers by the arrival from Li-
verpool, are of a few days later date than
those before received. By the late advices it
appears, that the whole French nation were
busily engaged in resolving the question of
Buonaparte's being First Magistrate for life,
and something more.—To the question, "shall
he be Consul for life?" Very few negatives
were given. But to this, many added that
he should be empowered to nominate his suc-
cessor; and others had gone so far as to vote
in favor of his being declared an emperor, and
the Imperial crown made hereditary in his fa-
mily. During this development of opinion,
Buonaparte secluded himself from public view,
and the government was conducted by Cam-
baceres and Lebrun.

The Great Britain the new state of things
did not appear to be permanent. The peo-
ple appeared to be growing unpopular; and the
project of opening of the relinquition of the
reins of government by Mess. Pitt and Co.
An event which is said to threaten a cessa-
tion of the pacific state of Europe. In their
commercial relations France and Great Bri-
tain appeared as hostile to each other, as at
any period of the war. The temper shown

on this subject does not augur favorable to
the expectation of the peace makers.

The north of Europe appear to be per-
fectly tranquil.

The question of the minor states in the
neighborhood of France looked "equally." The
popular conventions in Switzerland have
been denounced in the French Monitor; and
the conduct of the new made king of Etruria
had been declared to be such as call for the
"procedure-correcting" interposition of the
man who made that king what he is. There
are strong indications of their being speedily
admitted to become additional departments
of one of the other of Buonaparte's republics
or empires.

We do not see any accounts of the embar-
cation of French troops for Louisiana.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, July 17.

The London Times of the 13th May, ob-
serves, "The cession of Louisiana to the
French by the definitive treaty, has, as we
expected, occasioned a very great alarm and
anxiety in the American states. It has been
our opinion from the first, that the assent of
the British cabinet to this act of Spain is
founded in superior policy.—The rapid pro-
gress which America has made from the ad-
vantageous circumstances of enjoying peace,
while so large a portion of the civilized world
was engaged in war, made it necessary for this
country to keep a watchful eye on her proceed-
ings; whereas by bringing the restraints
of France to her very back, we shall be
relieved from our anxious and active vigilance,
as the Americans will be fully employed in
attending to the designs of their new ambi-
tious, and enterprising neighbors. It was on
this principle that some of our politicians of
the old school entertained the opinion, that
we might attribute the loss of the American
colonies to our retention of Canada after the
seven years war."

New-York.

NEW-YORK, July 16.

Yesterday morning arrived the fast sailing
schooner Reubuck, Capt. Dawson, after an ex-
traordinary passage of 38 days from Gibraltar.
From captain Dawson, we have received an
account of an engagement between two Al-
gerine cruizers and a Portuguese man of war,
off Malaga, wherein the former was victori-
ous. The force of the Algerines was a fri-
gate of 32 guns, (the same which was pre-
sented by the American government to the
Dey of Algiers; the number of their crews
was about 700 men. The Portuguese was a
frigate of 44 guns and 300 men. The Al-
gerine commenced the attack, by immedi-
ately attempting to board their enemy, but were
unsuccessful at their first onset—the action
then became warm and bloody, both parties
fighting with great fury, until all the Por-
tuguese officers, except one midshipman were killed
or wounded, and the seamen shamefully
left their quarters, when the ship struck her
colors after an action of three hours. The
captain (who was a Frenchman) was killed
early in the action. The prize was after-
wards carried into Algiers.

Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, August 4.

A gentleman of respectability arrived in
town on Sunday evening last from Natchez,
which place he left the 14th July. We had
not a personal interview with him, but learn
that he informs that flour was selling at two
dollars and a half per barrel, at vendue, and
other articles of produce equally low, except
whiskey, which was sold at one dollar per
gallon.—That the French had not arrived in
Louisiana, but were daily expected.—That
dispatches had been received by the Spanish
commandants, which it was thought related
to the arrival of the French; and which cre-
ated lively sensations in the Mississippi Ter-
ritory, it being thought they would make
troublesome neighbors.

Lexington, August 6.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Woodford.

Senator.
Robert Alexander.
Representatives
Preston Brown,
James Liggett.

Fayette.

Representatives
Benjamin Howard,
William Russell,
James Hughes,
John Bradford.

Scott.

Representatives
Robert Johnson,
Fielding Bradford.

Bourbon and Nicholas.

Representatives
Robert Trimble,
William Mitchell,
Robert Wilcox,

Meckler.

Representatives
John Adair,
William M'Dowell,
James Ray.

JESSAMINE.
Representative.
William Price.
GARRARD.
Representative.
Stephen Perkins.
Thomas Kennedy.
Madison.
Senator.

Green Clay.
Representative.
Richard Calloway.
Samuel South.
Hagarion Grubbs.

MR. BRADFORD.
Mr. McConnell, inspector of the port of Louisville, has politely favored us with the enclosed extracts; by giving them a place in your paper.

JOHN JORDAN, JUN. & Co.
Lexington, 23 August 1802.

A RETURN
Of the Goods, Wares and Merchandize,
of the Growth and Manufacture of the
United States, exported from the port
of Louisville, in the state of Kentucky,
from the 1st day of January, to the
30th day of June 1802, to the Flori-
da and Louisiana.

Apples, bbls.	841
Beer, Porter & Cyder, galls.	7,971
Berf, bbls.	60
Biscuit or Ship-bread, do.	179
Beans, (bushels of)	4
Butter, lb.	5,309
Boots, (pair)	4
Corn, (Indian) bush.	1,337
Cheese, lb.	1,188
Wax, do.	35
Tallow, do.	1,148
Cables & Cordage, cwt.	2,402 73 lb.
Coaches and other Carriages, value	284 dollars
Flour, bbls.	85,570
Furniture, (household) value,	1,277 dollars
Flax seed, bush.	5
Oil, galls.	100
Gun powder, lb.	346
Hats, value	333 dollars
Hams & Bacon, lbs.	272,865
Hemp, lb.	42,048
Calfskins, value,	1,501 1-4 doll.
Lead, lb.	55,502
Meat, (Indian) bush.	1,079
Merchandise, value	26,087 dollars.
Oats, bush.	179
Pork, bbls.	2,485
Potatoes, bush.	342
Spirits distilled of domestic produce, galls.	24,694 1-4
Shoes & Slippers, pair,	6
Saddlery, value	692 dollars.
Soap, lb.	2,399
Tobacco, manufactured, lb.	2,640
unmanufactured, 503,618 cwt.	
Tar, bbls.	4
Boards, Plank, Scantling & Timber, feet,	13,666
Total value in Dollars	590,965 1-2

Departed this life on Wednesday night last, Mrs. SALLY M'DOWELL, consort of Maj. JOSEPH M'DOWELL, of Fayette county.—In her is lost an affectionate and prudent wife; a tender and provident mother; a humane and obliging neighbor; an intelligent and agreeable companion in life; and above all, a judiciously zealous advocate and observer of the precepts of Christianity.

On Monday last, Mrs. MARGARET ASHBY, consort of Capt. NATHANIEL ASHBY, of Fayette county, was seized by all who knew her for her amiable disposition and friendly deportment.

On the 6th of July, at his house in Winchester Virginia, GEN. DANIEL MORGAN.

In consequence of the Members not attending the meeting of the TRAN-SYLVANIA PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, on the 30th of July, it is deemed expedient to request their punctual attendance at the University, on Saturday the 14th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN R. BEDFORD, 2d W. S.
August 6, 1802.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the head of Elk lick creek,
A BROWN ROAN HORSE,
Supposed five years old, about 14 hands high, branded on the near shoulder and buttock with the letter O—had a new bell and collar, and shoes on; Appraised to £10, May the 25th, 1802.

JOHN HENRY.
Fayette county.

NOTICE.
THAT commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke county will meet on the twentieth day of August next at the house of James Patton, on Stoner's fork of Licking, in order to take the depositions of witnesses, and per-petrate their testimony respecting the improvement and special calls of my pre-emption of one thousand acres of land on said creek, as their law to John Morgan decd. and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agree-ably to law.

Charles Morgan.
July 27th 1802.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
STRAVED from my plantation two and a half miles from Lexington, in January last, a SORREL MARE, two years old, she has three white feet, a bald face and one glass eye; any person giving information to that I get the said Mare, shall receive the above reward.

July 26th 1802.
NEW TAVERN,
CHILLICOTHE.

WILLIAM KEYS,
RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, and his friends generally, that he has taken that large and commodious house (lately occupied by Cap. Thomas Gregg) at the corner of Paint and Water Streets, sign of the INDIAN KING, where he has opened a Public House, & is furnished with convenient rooms & good beds for the accommodation of travellers, a large stable with separate stalls, good pasture, &c. As it will be his principal object to furnish both house and stable with every necessary the country will afford, he hopes for the patronage of his old customers as well as others, and assures them that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to render their situation agreeable.

6w July 16, 1802.

CHILLICOTHE.
JOSEPH TIFFIN,
RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, and his friends particularly, that he still occupies the stand formerly known by the name of the RED LION, and is well supplied with every article necessary for the accommodation of travellers. His liquors are of a superior quality, beds and bedding in the best order, stables kept clean, with 22 separate stalls, well supplied with good timothy hay, oats and good pasture—also attentive hostlers and servants. Gentlemen wishing to retire from the bustle of the tavern, may be accommodated with separate rooms.

CHILLICOTHE, 2d August, 1802.

NOTICE.
AS I have invented a MACHINE for breaking, milling, or cleaning hemp or flax, for threshing grain, and sawing wood or stone, as well as other purposes, to be worked by hand, horse, water or steam, and as I have obtained a certificate from John Bradford Esq. a Justice of the Peace for the county of Fayette, and am pursuing the legal measures for obtaining a patent for the same—do hereby forewarn all persons from making use of said invention, under the penalty of what the law directs in such cases.

George Mansell.
July 27th 1802.

From the lowest calculation, the above machine will break and clean 8000 pounds of hemp in one day.

TAKE NOTICE,
THAT on Monday the twenty-third day of August next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Mason, on the waters of Mill creek in Mason county, and to continue from day to day, to take depositions, to perpetuate testimony to establish the special calls of my entry of 750 acres, made on the waters of Mill creek, until the same be completed, and do such other and further acts as the law requires.

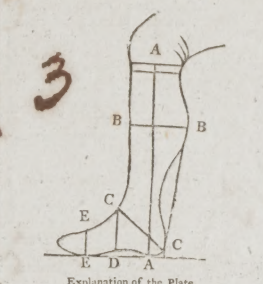
JESSE HORD.
July 28th 1802.

ALEX. PARKER & Co.
Have just received from PHILADELPHIA, in addition to their former assortment,
India Nankeens,
India & English Flannels,
Rote Blankets,
Scarlet Cordings assorted,
Superfine Bonding Cloths,
Knives & Forks,
Cotton Cards,
Best Coffee,
Teas,
Loaf & Muscovado Sugars,
Madeira,
Sherry,
Port & WINEs,
Teneriffe
Pepper,
Allum,
French Indigo,
White Lead, &c.
Which they will sell on the most moderate terms for Cash, Country Linen, Linsey and Hemp.

Lexington, July 22, 1802.
N. B. A few of the best finished SAW MILL CRANKS on hand.

JUST PUBLISHED
And for sale at this Office, the second edition of
WILSON'S GRAMMAR,
Revised and Corrected.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that he, having received a full supply of the best Philadelphia BOOT-LEGS, together with furs of the first rate WORK-MEN, is thereby enabled to furnish the fashionable part of the community with BOOTS or SHOES of the first quality, at his shop, opposite Mr. Bradford's printing office, Main street Lexington, where he will thankfully receive orders for any article in his profession. For the convenience of persons at a distance, who may wish him to supply them with Boots, &c. he has here furnished a drafts, by which they may take their own measures for boots and shoes as accurately as if done by himself; which measure being reduced to inches, and directed to him, will be as carefully attended to as if the party were present—and any work thus made and forwarded agreeably to order, that should not give satisfaction, will, if returned uninjured, be received & the money refunded.



Explanation of the Plate.
FOR BOOTS.
A A Length of the leg from the bottom of the heel, as high as you will the boot to extend.
B B Calf, measured round the thickest part.
C C Heel and insole.
D D The insole.
E E The ball of the foot, round the large joint of the great toe—Ascertain the exact length of the foot in inches.

FOR BOOTERS.
The same as above, excepting the length, which should always be long enough to admit the calf to fill up the top of the Bootee, otherwise the top (being large enough) to admit the heel will look awkward unless filled up by the calf of the leg.
Be particular in directing as to the thickness of the leather, fashion, shape &c.—All which shall be duly attended to, by
N. PRENTISS,
Who proposes to furnish materials for boots &c. either cut to measure, or in the patterns.

FOR SALE,
800 ACRES OF LAND.
BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from JOSIAS BULLOCK, we will sell on the 20th day of August next, at Lexington, by AUCTION,
800 acres of LAND, lying about six miles from the Big Bonelick, for ready money. A conveyance for the same to be made by Col. Samuel M'Dowell.

Wm. Street,
Jos. W. Burton,
Fraiz. Lowen,
Jar. Johnson,
Andw. M'Calla. } Trustees.
July 24th 1802.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES RUSSELL, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have demands against said estate, are desired to present them to the subscribers, properly authenticated, that arrangements may be made for their discharge.

JOHN JORDAN, Jun. Adm'r
THO: BODLEY,
Lexington, July 16, 1802. 4w



SPECULATOR.
WILL stand a Fall Season at H. Taylor's farm, in Clarke county, and be let to mares at the reduced price of Fourteen Dollars, to be paid on or before the first day of November next ensuing, or Twelve Dollars Cash in hand, with One Dollar to the Groom in either instance. Season to commence, on the 15th of August and end 15th October.
Jno. Hoome,
Jno. Breckinridge,
H. Taylor.
N. B. Good pasturage gratis, but not liable for escapes or accidents.

MANN'S LICK SALT,
Will be exchanged for COUNTRY LINEN & HEMP, by
SAML. DOWNING.
Lexington, June 23d, 1802.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.
MASON COUNTY, set. April term, 1802.
John Edgar, Complainant,
against
Peter Latta, Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to appear and file his answer agreeable to law and the rules of this court: upon motion of the complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered, that unless he appear here at the next October court, in person, or by some attorney of said court, and answer the said complaint's bill, the same shall be taken as confessed, and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be advertised for two months successively in some public authorized paper; another posted at the door of the court, house in Washington, and a third at the door of the Baptist meeting house, in said town, from Sunday immediately after divine service.

A copy, Tella,
THO. MARSHALL, Jun. G. M. C.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.
PARIS, May 22.
At the making up of the signed list, respecting the First Consul's being elected for life, the night before last only 7000 names appeared, and most of these military or place-men.

THE TURKISH RABBL.
The Cabinet of Vienna has received important information respecting Pashaw Oglou, by an Austrian, who served as a subaltern officer in the Pasha's army, but deserted from Willden on the 4th of April, to return home. He states, in an affidavit made before the Austrian commandant at Mehadin, that the Pashaw of Pashaw Oglou's army consists of Christians of almost every country in Europe, and amounts to 6000 men at the farthest, whom he pays and treats in the most liberal manner. Of natives and Janissaries he can always command from 10 to 12,000 men, who are better disciplined than the troops of the Grand Seigneur. Many men who desert from Hungary, where they were retained prisoners of war, and near 1000 English emigrants, form separate corps.

LONDON, May 27.
Another attempt on Bonaparte.
A most extraordinary report has been bro't from Calais, by a vessel which arrived at Dover last night. It is, that the life of Bonaparte has been successfully attempted. The attempt is said to have been made upon the parade, at the Quintidi review. The conspirators rushed him and stabbed him. Happily the wound was slight; an aid-de-camp, however, near him, was mortally wounded.
We give this as a rumor, without pledging ourselves in the slightest degree for its authenticity. It may only be an echo of a report circulated here some days ago, on the authority of some private accounts from Paris, which mentioned, that a conspiracy against Bonaparte's life had been planned, but had been discovered.

PRUSSIAN MEASURES.
According to letters from Ratislon of the 14th instant, very unpleasant rumours had been received there from Nuremberg, purporting, that the Imperial city would shortly be taken possession of by the Prussian troops. The alarm occasioned among the burghers of that place, jealous of their ancient liberties, became so serious, that the magistrats found themselves under the necessity of taking measures to secure the public tranquillity.
The King of Prussia will it is said, also take possession of the bishoprics of Bamberg and Wurzburg. These events are expected to take place immediately on the arrival of Baron Hardenberg, the Prussian Minister, who is shortly expected at Anspach. The court of Vienna has made remonstrances with regard to the execution of these measures, to the cabinet of Berlin, but has been very little attended to.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.
HEALTH-OFFICE.
July 23d, 1802.
The Board of Health with great satisfaction, on, inform their fellow citizens, that the fever which lately appeared in the vicinity of Vine-street wharf has entirely subsided; and that the city and liberties are now as healthy as at any former period.—The Board nevertheless recommend to sick families as have removed from that neighborhood, not to return to their dwellings without having them duly cleaned and white-washed.
Bills of health will be issued from this office as heretofore.
By order of the board.
CORNELIUS COMEGUES, President.
Attell.
RENJ. F. GARRIGUES, Secretary.
Extract of a letter from a respectable gentleman in Bordeaux, to his friend in Boston, dated June 2.
"Politics, which for so many years has agitated the minds of our citizens, and which to judge from your newspapers, still distract those of yours, have subsided, and people begin to believe, that on the whole, as much real happiness may be felt in being governed as in governing; we therefore, have at last, awarded our Consul, all he has asked for; and every one thus far is contented."

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

A NEW SONG.

THESE—VITA LA.

Far from Europe's persecution,
To my sons a refuge give,
Hate the hour of retribution,
Hear me Heaven and let them live.

Freedom spoke—the Western World
Straight uprose at Heaven's command;
She saw and wail'd her flag unfurl'd
O'er Columbia, chosen land.

"Sacred be thou new creation!
"Form'd the cry'd to foster me;
"To my sons of every station
"An asylum thou shalt be.

"I feel—I see the tempest brewing
"In fury's dark womb;
"Foes to mankind plot my ruin,
"Thoughtless of their destin'd doom.

"Heroes you shall hail your thunder,
"Triumph waits the patriot train:
"Sages you shall burst asunder
"Fetters forg'd in folly's brain.

"Beaming round with bright refulgence,
"Lo I see a sacred fount!
"Liberty and Independence
"Flame from Ocean to the Pole.

"O! when each returning season
"Brings the day devote to mirth;
"Dear to Virtue, Truth and Reason,
"Era of a Nation's Birth.

"While with heartfelt exultation
"Future patriots crowd my strains,
"Torments of this new creation
"Oh! what rapture shall be mine."

The Goddess cease'd—while sweet emotion
Fill'd her breast and footh'd her care;
But oft the glance'd across the ocean,
And sigh'd for suffering virtue there.

And most for the ill-fated Erin,
Fair, but fabled trouble'd life;
Stretching now, and now despairing
Victim of a filer's guilt.

ANECDOTE.

A gentleman hearing of the death of another, "I thought" said he to a person in company, "you told me his fever was gone off." "Oh yes!" replied the latter, "I did so, but forgot to mention that he was off along with it."

JOSEPH HAMILTON DAVEISS,
Has removed his residence to
LEXINGTON.
2m 18th June, 1802.

Wanted,
AN APPRENTICE
TO THE PAINTING BUSINESS.
Apply to the Printer hereof.

WILLIAM WEST,
Has Received and is Just Opening,
In the Store lately occupied by Mr. George Tegar.

A Handsome Assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hard Ware,
Queens' Ware, &
Glass Ware,
Which have been bought on good terms, and will be sold for CASH, as Cheap as any in the State.

No Credit can be given on any terms.
P. S. I have on hand and unopened,
an Invoice of MERCHANDIZE, to a considerable amount, that I wish to sell by whole sale; payable principally in PRODUCE.—The purchaser must give good security for the true performance of his contract.

W. W.
TO ALL WHO MAY BE CONCERNED.
TAKE NOTICE,
THAT I have appointed JOHN M. Boggs, of the town of Lexington, Attorney, to transact, adjust and perform all manner of Business, relating to sundry accounts, instruments of writing, papers &c. now in possession of said Boggs, which the late Joseph Cosby died possessed of.—Also to adjust all lawful demands against the said Joseph Cosby deceased.

JOHN COSBY.

In virtue of the above, all persons indebted to the estate of the said Joseph Cosby deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to present them to the subscriber for settlement immediately.

JOHN M. BOGGS,

June 17, 1802.

THE subscriber having a number of balances due him ever since he resided here, requests all those in arrears to him, for medical services, rendered years ago, to pay them immediately to JACOB E. LEHR.

JOHN WATKINS

May 8, 1802.

NEW & CHEAP STORE.

Lewis Sanders, & Co.
HAVE received from Philadelphia, and are now opening a choice and general assortment of

19 MERCHANDIZE,
Consisting of
DRY GOODS, viz.

Superfine Cloths,
Velvets and Fancy Cords,
India Mullin, which they would sell low for cash, by the original package.
Figured, plain & glazed cambric do.
Tambored & plain Jaconet do.
Ditto Book ditto.
A choice assortment of Chintzes & Calicoes of the newest and most fashionable patterns;
India filk, Romals & Bandanas,
Irish Linen, fold very low by the piece;
Lutefrings, Battins & Sarfanets,
Marcellus Waistcoating,
A large assortment of Umbrellas, &c.
A very general assortment of Hardware, German, Crawley & English Cutlery steel Vices,
A general assortment of Saddlery, &c.
China, Glass, Queen's & Tea ware,
Groceries,
Coffee, Tea,
Spices, Dye Stuffs,
Best Red Bark for sale by the pound or larger quantity;
Port Wine,
Beccall, Spanish and French Indigo,
Arctic,
Cotton and Wool Cards, &c. &c.

Having laid in the above assortment on such terms as will enable them to give greater bargain than has hitherto been given in this place, they flatter themselves that the purchaser will find it in their interest to give them a call.
No credit on any terms whatever.

Lexington, 2d April, 1802.

FOR SALE,

THE Property lately occupied in this town, by Mr. Arthur Thompson, and at present by Mr. Dellum; consisting of Two New Two Story

FRAME HOUSES,

Nearly finished, large and convenient Cellars, a large frame Stable and Kitchen, good Smoke House, and Three Lots belonging to the above premises. Also two hundred acres of GOOD QUALITY LAND, lying on the head of Salt River, about six miles from this town; the title clear of every kind of dispute; the Land is well watered, but entirely unimproved. A liberal credit will be given for the payment, and the whole amount will be received in Produce. The terms will be made known by application to Messrs. Cochran & Thurler, merchants, of Philadelphia, or the subscriber, in Danville.

J. BIRNEY.

Daiville, 9th February, 1802

JAMES MACCOUN,

Has just received from Philadelphia, a large and well chosen assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

And now opening at his Store on Main Street, directly opposite the Market house, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES for CASH.
Also, from his
Nail Manufactory,
A constant supply of Cut and Hammered NAILS, of the best quality.
Lexington, January 18, 1802.

FOR SALE

The following tracts of

LAND, viz.

ONE tract containing 6437 2-3 acres, in Knox county, on Rock Castle river, at the mouth of Raccoon creek. Also, 3000 acres, Knox county, waters, Rock Castle river. Also, 8000 acres, Knox county, waters, Rock Castle river. Also, 2000 acres, Knox county, waters, Rock Castle river. Also, 2000 acres, Franklin county, on Hammond's creek, and Big Benfon. Also, 3000, Mafon county, on the waters Licking creek. Also, 2000 acres, waters, Robinfon's creek, waters of Green river.

Also, the following tracts of LAND, lying in the State of Virginia. 1360 acres in Monongahella county, in the forks of Buffalo Creek, about 20 miles from Morgantown. Also, 2000 acres on the waters of Middle Island creek, Harrison county. Also, 1000 acres on the Ohio river, in Ohio county. Also, 2000 acres on the west side of the Little Kanawha river, in six patents. Also, 3000 acres on Mill creek, three miles from its confluence with the Ohio river.

All or any part of the above mentioned tracts of land, will be offered low. For further information, apply to Capt. BENJAMIN BERRY, living on the South fork of Elkhorn, near the road leading to Versailles; or to the subscriber, at Mr. ROBERT BRADLEY's, who will show the lands.

JAMES BROWN,

attorney in fact for

ROBERT RUTHERFORD.

Lexington, 28th June 1802.
P. S. Any person wishing to purchase, must make application before the first day of August next, as the subscriber intends going to Virginia about that time. J. B.

DANVILLE DISTRICT,

May Term, 1802.
Nathan Hulton and Joseph F. Lewis, Complainants,
Against
James Griffin, Defendant.

In Chancery.
THE Defendant having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of the court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this State; on the motion of the complainant by his counsel—it is ordered that he do appear here, on the third day of the next August term, and answer the complainant's bill, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette two months (agreeably, another copy posted up at the court house, and a third copy published at the door of the meeting house at Stony Point, some Sunday immediately after divine service.)

A Copy, Telle

WILLIS GREEN, C. D. D. C.

TROTTER & SCOTT,
Have just Received from Philadelphia,
and are now opening, for sale, at their
Store, opposite the Market House,
A Large, Elegant, and Well Chosen Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,
Suitable for the present and approaching season,
Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
HARD WARE,
CUTLERY,
GROCERIES,
GLASS,
QUEENS & CHINA WARE,
BAR IRON & STEEL,
NAILS of every description.
Also a constant supply of the best of SALT, from Mann's Lick.—All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices for Cash—only.
Lexington, 7th May, 1802.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Lexington District Court, June Term 1802.

Robert Breckenridge, complainant,
against
Patton Anderson, defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth, on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next September term, and answer the complainant's bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette or Herald, agreeable to law, another posted at the door of the court-house for Fayette county, and that this order be published some Sunday immediately after divine service, at the door of the Presbyterian meeting-house in the town of Lexington.

A copy, Telle

THOS. BODLEY, C. L. D. C.

NOTICE

HAVING removed my family to a farm in the neighborhood of Lexington, and intending still to do my business in town, I think it necessary to inform my clients that except during the sessions of the Court of Appeals, General Court, and Circuit Court of the United States for Kentucky and the Territories North-West of the Ohio, I shall attend at my office, in Lexington, every day, from nine o'clock in the morning, until one in the afternoon, at which times and place, all who have business with me may attend.

J. HUGHES.

Lexington, September 11th, 1801.

MERCER, ESQ.

May Court of Quarter Sessions, 1802.
Christopher Singleton, complainant,
Against
John Boyler, Charles Ewing, &
Charles Dever, heirs at last to
Dennis Dever, who was heir at last to Owen Dever &c.

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant Charles Dever, not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this State, on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of our next August court, and answer the complainant's bill, that this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette or Herald, agreeable to law, that it be published at Kane run meeting house on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and that a copy be posted up at the front door of the court house in Harrodsburgh.

A copy, Telle

Benj. W. Carey, D. C.



FRESH MEDICINE.

Just arrived from Philadelphia, at our shop, near the Stray-Pen, Lexington, and to be sold for CASH, Fine Linen, or Flax Seed.

Also RED CLOVER SEED,

FOR SALE.

ANDW. McALLA & Co.

JOHN JORDAN JUN. & Co.

Have just received and are now opening,
a large and well chosen assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of the following articles,
viz.

Superfine, Fine & Common Cloth,
Cassimers,
Swandowns,
Striped and plain Coatings,
Rafce and striped Blankets,
Fancy and Continution Cords,
Velvets and Thicketts,
Camblets,
Wildborees,
Moreens, Jones's and Durants,
Callimancoes,
Bombazeens and Bombazetts,
Checks and Cotton Stripes,
Jeans and Futtians,
Boglepores,
Plain, Clouded and Striped Nankeens,
Gingham,
Dimities,
Merfalles Vesting,
Mantuas, Lutefrings, Taffeties, Sem-chews, Sattins and Pelongs.
Perfians,
Chintzes and Calicoes;
Cambricks,
Cambrick, Jaconet, Lappet and Book Mullins,
Do. do. do. do. Tambored do.
Jaconet and Book Mullin Handkerchiefs,
Do. Bordered Shawls,
Bandanna, India, Fullicat, Romall & Barcelona Handkerchiefs,
Silk Shawls,
Cotton do.
Cotton Romall Handkerchiefs
Linen & Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Coarse Mullins,
Silk and Cotton Hofs,
Ribbans,
Cloves,
Laces and Edgings,
Sewing Silk, Thread and Tape,
Turkey Red,
Groceries,
Stationary,
Hardware,
Cutlery and Saddlery,
Queens and Glass wares,
6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. Nails and Brads,
Callings.

ALL of which they are determined to sell at the most reduced prices for CASH, COUNTRY LINEN or READY.

N. B. Those indebted to JOHN JORDAN JUN. & Co. or JOHN JORDAN JUN. either by bond, note or book account, are requested to come and pay off the same, as 'tis not reasonable further indulgence should be given.
July 1st, 1802.

GREAT BARGAINS

To be had at the store of JOHN A. SMITH,
Who has received an elegant additional assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Principally from the VENUE STORES of PHILADELPHIA, and will be sold much lower than is usually sold in this place.

May be had—

Cloths,	Dimities and Merfalles,
Cassimers,	Surfrings & Sattins,
Velvets, Thicketts	Lutefring & Perfian,
and Fancy cords,	Chocolate Bandannas,
Striped, Clouded &	Blue do.
Plain Nankeens,	Turkey Yarn,
Irish Linens,	Blue Plumb,
German do.	Crimson do.
Coarse Mullin,	Scarlet do.
Tambor'd do.	Wood Cards,
Cambrick do.	Cotton do.
Jaconet do.	Hyson,
Elegant Chintzes &	Collicoes unusually low,
Ladies extra Silk	Clashes,
Gloves,	Mullin Shawls,
Silk do.	Silk do.
Silk, Cotton and	Worsted Hofs,
French Brandy, &c.	

A general supply of
SALT, COTTON & CASTINGS.
Lexington, May 25th, 1802

PETER PAUL & SON,

STONE CUTTERS

From LONDON.
Now living on the Woodford road, Lexington.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public at large, that they carry on the STONE CUTTING business in all its various branches, such as

TOMBS,
GRAVE STONES of all sorts,
Polished MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES, and
FREESTONE ditto,
SAFES, to preserve Papers, Money, &c. from being destroyed in case of Fire.